

THE BOURBON NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY IN THE YEAR.

VOLUME XXV.

PARIS, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1905.

NUMBER 1

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE Farmers Bank of Millersburg, Ky.,

at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec., 1904.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts.....	\$ 90,285.60
Overdrafts, secured.....	00
Overdrafts, unsecured.....	211.85
Due from National Banks.....	8,450.61
Due from State Banks and Bankers.....	11,509.25
Due from Trust Companies.....	00
Banking house and lot.....	00
Other real estate.....	00
Mortgages.....	14,300.00
U. S. Bonds.....	00
Other stocks and bonds.....	00
Specie.....	00
Currency.....	7,597.63
Exchange for clearings.....	00
Other items carried as cash.....	00
Furniture and fixtures.....	00
Fund to pay taxes.....	00
Current expenses last quarter.....	00
Give description, location, value and how long owned, all real estate, except banking house and lot, if any owned longer than five years.....	00
	\$132,447.94

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in, in cash.....	\$ 15,000.00
Surplus fund.....	6,000.00
Undivided profits.....	00
Due depositors as follows, viz: Deposits subject to check, on which interest is not paid.....	105,088.76
Due depositors subject to check, on which interest is paid.....	00
Demand certificates of deposit, on which interest is paid.....	00
Time certificates of deposit, on which interest is paid.....	00
Savings deposits, on which interest is paid.....	00
Certified checks.....	00
Due National Banks.....	00
Due State Banks and Bankers.....	00
Due Trust Companies.....	00
Cashier's checks outstanding.....	00
Bills rediscounted.....	6,000.00
Unpaid dividends.....	00
Taxes due and unpaid.....	00
Capital stock not paid.....	00
Tax reserve.....	359.18
	\$132,447.94

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Highest amount of indebtedness of any stockholder, person, company or firm (including in the liability of the company or firm the liability of the individual members thereof) directly or indirectly, if such indebtedness exceed 20 per cent. of capital stock actually paid in, and actual amount of surplus in bank? None.

How is indebtedness stated in above item 1 secured?

Highest amount of indebtedness of any director or officer, if amount of such indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent. of paid-up capital stock of bank? None.

How is same secured?

Does amount of indebtedness of any person, company, or firm, including in the liability of the company or firm, the liability of the individual members thereof, exceed 30 per cent. of paid-up capital and actual surplus? No.

If so, state amount of indebtedness?

Amount of last dividend? \$900.00

Were all the expenses, losses, interest and taxes deducted therefrom before declaring dividends, and was not less than 10 per cent. of net profits of the bank for the period covered by the dividend carried to the surplus fund before said dividend was declared? Yes.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

COUNTY OF BOURBON,

{ ss:

Sanford Allen, Cashier of Farmers' Bank of Millersburg, Ky., a bank located and doing business on Main street in the City of Millersburg, in said county, being duly sworn, says the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of said bank at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec., 1904, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State, designating the 31st day of Dec., 1904, as the day on which said report shall be made.

SANFORD ALLEN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by Sanford Allen, Cashier, the 31st day of Dec., 1904.

R. B. BOULDEN, Millersburg, Ky.

Notary Public, Bourbon Co., Ky. My commission expires Jan. 11th, 1906.

J. G. Allen, S. C. Carpenter, G. S. Allen, R. Tarr, Directors.

Attention.

When wishing first-class groceries don't forget that we carry everything the market affords. For cash you can buy as cheap of us as you can any place. Phone 678.

J. H. BATTERTON,
27-28 at Wm. Sauer's Old Stand.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25c, money back if not cured. Sold by Oberdorfer, the druggist. 1 Jan.

Apples! Apples!

I have just received a new lot of fancy apples that can be bought at 25 cents per peck.

30-tf L. SALOSHIN.

BEFORE you slip, see T. Porter Smith.

The Week of Prayer.

All the Paris churches will unite in the observance of the Week of Prayer. The following will be the programme for the week:

Monday night—First Presbyterian Church; Rev. W. A. Simmons leader.

Tuesday night—Christian Church; Rev. Dr. Malone leader.

Wednesday night—Second Presbyterian Church; Eld. Carey Morgan leader.

Thursday night—Baptist Church; Rev. J. L. Clark leader.

Friday night—Methodist church; Rev. Dr. E. H. Rutherford leader.

These meetings ought to be largely attended, and all the singers of all the churches are requested to attend and assist in making these meetings a success.

The services will begin each evening at 7 o'clock.

HOUSE WANTED.—A house containing 8 to 12 rooms, centrally located, suitable for boarding house. Apply to SMITH CLARKE.

Woodford gets The Judicial Plum.

Judge Robert L. Stout, of Woodford county, whom Governor Beckham has selected as the successor of Judge James E. Cantrill on the bench of this, the Fourteenth Judicial District, was handed his commission by the Governor Friday morning. He was sworn in yesterday at the beginning of the January term, of the Franklin Circuit Court. He has already announced his candidacy for the place next year before the Democrats of the district.

Judge Stout, who is but thirty-seven years of age, has been in the public life of his county and section for many years. He has served as County Attorney, Master Commissioner and County Judge of Woodford county. He is the Democratic nominee for re-election to the last named office. He is a graduate of the University of Virginia and a lawyer of recognized ability.

BIRTHS.

Born to the wife of M. J. Lavin, a daughter.

STOCK AND CROP.

Geo. Clayton sold two fancy bred Poland-China hogs, yesterday, for \$25.00 each.

John T. Hughes, of Fayette, has sold in the last few days \$1,000 worth of saddle horses.

Dan Peed bought the following crops of tobacco Saturday: Mr. Calvert, on Steele pike, 25,000 lbs., at 11½ cents; Will Fisher, 10,000 lbs., 8 cents; Mrs. M. J. Glenn, small crop, 6 cents.

W. E. Stillwell sold 2 Shorthorn bulls to Frank G. Hogan, of Louisville, for a fancy price. He also sold a fine Poland-China hog to W. T. Moore, of Lexington, for \$10. Mr. Stillwell has leased 511 acres of the Ford farm about 3 miles from Paris, on the Clintonville pike and will take possession March 1st.

DEATHS.

Millard Fillmore Marsh, editor of the Maysville Bulletin, aged 49 years, died at his home in Maysville, Friday morning, after an illness of about four months. He is survived by a wife and five children of tender age. He was generous to a fault and greatly beloved by his colleagues. He was a member of the Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, I. O. R. M. and A. O. U. W. lodges.

Joseph W. Bond, of Stamping Ground, Scott county, a well-known tobacco dealer and Vice-President of Stamping Ground Bank, died of locomotor ataxia, Saturday.

Port Arthur Surrenders.

Port Arthur surrenders at last under terms "honorable to the garrison." Gen. Stoessel capitulates on New Year's day after one of the pluckiest fights in the history of warfare. He declared to the Japanese Commander, Nogi, that further resistance would mean more slaughter. The city described as a living hell.

The services will begin each evening at 7 o'clock.

Everybody invited to attend Harry Simon's Red Tag Sale, beginning Monday, Jan. 14th, and continuing until Saturday, Jan. 28th.

Forging To The Front.

In last issue we had notice of young Tadlock, of the Clintonville precinct, going to the front in journalism, and now we want to mention another Clintonville boy who is forging to the front. Mr. Harry Weldon Renick, the popular young druggist of South Broadway, Lexington, who to-day enters upon his second term as Councilman for his adopted city. He was born in Clintonville, this county, on Dec. 31st, 1874, and when 12 years of age moved with his father to Lexington. He is a graduate of Kentucky University and the school of Pharmacy in Louisville. After clerking for a number of years he has by his own true merit succeeded, and is now of the firm of Renick & Thompson, who have two stores in Lexington. His first appearance in public life was when he was elected to the Lexington City Council two years ago, and his brilliancy won for him a second term.

Woodford's New County Judge.

Gov. Beckham's proffer to W. O. Davis of the County Judgeship of Woodford county for the unexpired term of Judge R. L. Stout, who has been elevated to the Circuit Court bench, was declined by Mr. Davis Saturday. The Governor then appointed James T. Wilhoit, of Versailles, as Judge Stout's successor. Judge Wilhoit was formerly Sheriff of Woodford county, making one of the finest officers the county ever had and he is well qualified to fill the office to which he has been appointed.

Big Increase In Business.

The new directory for the Home Telephone Company will be in the hands of the printer in a few days. The delay has been caused by the big increase in business, so many phones being installed in the city and county and the manager desiring to get them all in the new directory. Hand in your name at once, for you will never regret adding this great convenience and comfort to your home or business house. The Home Company is composed of Paris people and the hustling manager, Mr. Clarence L. Humbert, is an expert telephone man, and guarantees the very best service that can be had over an up-to-date telephone plant. Don't fail to call up the manager if your service is not good in every way.

Attend Simon's Red Tag Sale.

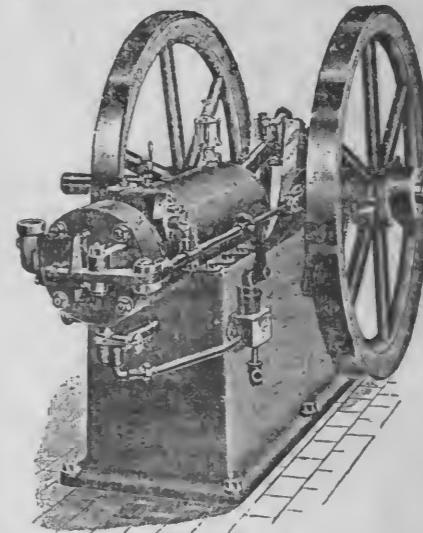
Bourbon Breaks All Records.

We notice in the weekly report of the Central House of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Co., that old Bourbon breaks all records, viz:

"We are glad to report that you the Central House sold on December 21st an entire crop of tobacco, consisting of twelve hogsheads Bourbon county, grown by Mr. John Toohey, near Paris, Ky., at the following prices: \$17.75, \$17.75, \$16.26, \$16.00, \$16.00, \$15.75, \$14.50, \$15.25, \$14.25, \$14.00 and \$13.75. Total average on this crop of tobacco \$15.59, which breaks all market records on both the highest priced hogsheads and the average on a crop that has been made on any market for new Burley."

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GASOLINE ENGINES.



Stationary, Portable and Pumping.

Unequaled for Simplicity and Efficiency.

HORSE POWERS, FEED CUTTERS, STUDEBAKER and AVERY WAGONS

FOR SALE BY

J. S. Wilson & Bro.,

Bank Row, North Side Court House
Paris, Kentucky.

HEMP WANTED!

Highest market price paid for Hemp.

Kentucky Hemp Brakes for Sale.
(Best on earth.)

Kentucky River Bottom Hemp Seed.
Home-grown Clover Seed, Timothy Seed.
Haas Hog Remedy.

Chas. S. Brent & Bro.,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

OUR JANUARY SALE BEGINS MONDAY, JANUARY 9TH

It will be better and bigger than ever. We are now opening a new line of White Goods, and every line in the store will have Price Reductions—in some departments as much as 50 per cent. In justice to yourself, you should wait for this Great Sale. Our prices are always low, and you know what additional advantage this Annual Sale will give you.

MITCHELL, CASSELL & BAKER,

Remember the Date.

Lexington, Ky.

Remember the Date.

THE BOURBON NEWS.
TELEPHONE NO. 134.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

SWIFT CHAMP, EDITOR AND OWNER.

ONE YEAR - \$8.00 | SIX MONTHS - \$1.00

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Entered at the Paris, Ky., post-office as second-class mail matter.

Established 1881 - 23 Year of Continuous Publication.

Display advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices, 10 cents per line each name; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, and similar matter, 10 cents per line.

Special rates for big advertisements.

NEW ROADWAY TRACK EQUIPMENT.

WORLD'S FAIR ST. LOUIS B. & O. S. W. ROUTE

Fast Scheduled Trains to ST. LOUIS

3 OF THEM AND 3 ALL DAILY.

No Additional Charge FOR SUPERB SERVICE AND QUICK TIME.

ELEGANT COACHES, Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, Parlor, Observation, Dining Cars.

For Rates, Time of Trains or Any Information, call on nearest ticket agent or address, O. P. McCARTY, General Passenger Agent, CINCINNATI, O.

TO BE RELEASED.

Believed Mrs. Chadwick Will Be Out on Bail in a Few Days.

The Steamer Pretoria, With Dr. Chadwick on Board, Was Sighted South of Fire Island Saturday Morning.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 30.—It was reliably stated Thursday night that Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick will be released on bail within a few days. At least an effort will be made in that direction. Mrs. Chadwick herself has expressed her desire to terminate her residence in the county's bastille, and according to her attorney, Jay P. Dawley, on Wednesday, she alone has the deciding vote in the ball question.

"Ball can be given in ample quantity," declared Dawley. "We have it. It is assured if she wants it. The minute she wants to she will be released on bail. Does she want to? I do not know. But it is up to her."

And Mrs. Chadwick has cast her vote for the affirmative. She is reported to have said Thursday night that her original reasons for refusing bail no longer exist, and that she is now ready to avail herself of the professed offer.

New York, Dec. 31.—The steamer Pretoria from Hamburg, Dover and Boulogne, bearing Dr. Leroy S. Chadwick, of Cleveland, husband of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, as a passenger, was sighted southeast of Fire Island Saturday morning.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 31.—The bulletin announcing the sighting of the steamship Pretoria off Fire Island was given to a deputy sheriff at the county jail Saturday morning. He took it immediately to Mrs. Chadwick, who was asleep. When awakened and informed of the vessel's safety, Mrs. Chadwick said she was glad to hear the news as she had worried some over the delay in the vessel's arrival.

THE COAL SHIPMENT.

About Seven Million Bushels Were Sent South From Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 31.—Hardly had the channel of the Ohio river at Merriman been cleared after the accident to the Crescent's tow, and navigation reopened Friday, than the Clyde Coal Co., sunk a coal boat and a flat at the same point and as a result further coal shipments on the present rise are improbable. The series of accidents within the past few days have kept the shipments far below the amount expected.

The obstruction at Merriman will not be removed until Saturday, and as the rivers are beginning to fail, the coal companies are not making preparations for sending any more fleets down the river. The total shipments during the rise amounted to about seven million bushels of coal and seven model barges of wire and nails. There remain more than 15,000,000 bushels of coal loaded in the harbor and pools.

THE DAY OF THE STRIKE.

T. V. Powderly, Former Head of the K. of L., Believes It is Over.

New York, Dec. 30.—"I firmly believe that the day of the strike is over," said T. V. Powderly, former head of the Knights of Labor, Thursday. Mr. Powderly had just arrived in the city from Pittsburgh.

"I don't mean by that there is never to be another strike," he continued, "but I do mean that each year will see fewer causes for strikes and that, as a natural result the strike will be a thing of the past as a means of bringing employers and workingmen to amicable relations."

"I know of nothing so encouraging as the recent conferences between capitalists and laboring men. They have talked things over in many controversies during the past year or so, and with the invariable result that a peaceful solution of the problem has come."

A HEAD TAX ON ALIENS.

New York, Dec. 30.—A head tax of \$2 on aliens entering the United States from Canada for the purpose of crossing to some Atlantic port on their way to Europe, was proposed Thursday at a meeting of the Atlantic steamship conference with the three trunk line passenger associations.

FAILED TO AGREE ON A PRICE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 30.—Isidor Mautner, of Fort Wayne, and John Heenan, of Terre Haute, and John Ganzel and his partner, Philip Arnold, of Louisville, failed to agree Thursday afternoon on a purchase price for the Grand Rapids Central League franchise.

WILL REPRESENT PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The Peruvian government has requested Hon. Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, to represent it in the International Railway Congress which convenes in Washington in May. Mr. Davis has accepted.

YALE DEFEATED THE Y. M. C. A.

New Orleans, Dec. 29.—Yale defeated the Young Men's Christian association basketball team 37 to 10, outplaying the local men at every point. The game was played at the gymnasium tent and the cold weather helped the visitors.

BATTLE WITH CONVICTS.

Three Were Killed and Three Others Seriously Wounded.

Folsom, Cal., Dec. 30.—Seven of nine rebels at the state prison made a break for liberty Thursday and as a result three are dead and three are in a critical condition from bullet wounds.

Capt. R. J. Murphy, a prison official, was wounded by a shot in the leg and received two slight knife wounds.

The convicts who engaged in the break were all employed in the rock crusher, where 325 of the most desperate prisoners were at work. Capt. Murphy was acting as general overseer about the rock crusher, and four other prison attacks. I. Daly, A. Hogan, Charles L. Taylor and Charles Jolly were employed as "pushers" to keep the men at work. A large sledge hammer was thrown into the crusher, causing the ponderous machine to come to a standstill. This attracted Capt. Murphy, Charles Jolly and Taylor, to the place immediately.

Thereupon the desperate convicts rushed to seize Murphy, Jolly and Taylor. They succeeded in catching the two first named. The others endeavored to take the other free man, who escaped them. During this time the scene of trouble was under cover and the guards on the outside could not see the struggling men, although they soon had an intimation that something was wrong. The convicts, with their captives, made their way towards a small post commanded by Guard W. H. Harris, who was armed with a rifle. Five of the gang surrounded Capt. Murphy and two of them had Jolly. The convicts had knives in position for immediate execution should the guards attempt to free themselves.

They had no sooner stepped into the open than the seven guards commenced firing, and within 20 seconds fully 100 shots had been fired and seven convicts were on the ground helpless.

At the time the first shot was fired Warden Yell was in his office. He rushed to the bluff overlooking the prison and thence down near the scene. He signalled the guards to continue shooting and put his revolver into operation also, at the same time giving orders to the remaining convicts who were crouching behind rocks and in other safe places to line up and march in. This they did in quick order. The appearance of the warden in the midst of the fighting gave the guards encouragement to carry out his orders. During all the trouble only one Gatling gun was brought into play and that only to frighten the participants.

THE CHANNEL BLOCKED.

Four Coal Boats Containing 100,000 Bushels of Coal Sunk:

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A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Drenched Horses With Kerosene Oil and Set Fire to Them.

Neal, Ga., Dec. 30.—Evidence said to connect Stephen Gorrick with drenching seven horses with kerosene oil and setting fire to them and the barn they were in has been discovered by Fire Department Attorney Johnson. As a result Gorrick is under arrest. The horses belonged to Mrs. Mary Dooley, a widow.

Desire for revenge is given by the investigators as the motive for the act. Gorrick formerly lived at Mrs. Dooley's house and is said by Johnson to have been ejected by her.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Killed Mother-in-Law, Attempted to Kill Wife and Shot Himself.

Thomasville, Ga., Dec. 30.—After killing his mother-in-law, Mrs. Wm. H. Parish, making a desperate attempt to kill his 18-year-old wife, and shooting himself twice with a Winchester rifle, J. B. Barrow is lying in the city hospital in a precarious condition, closely guarded by officers. Barrow is 38 years old and had been married but two years. Domestic infidelity is given as the cause of the tragedy.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR IS MISSING.

San Juan, P. R., Dec. 30.—Santiago Simonet, of Utado, a deputy collector of internal revenue for the district of Arecibo, is reported to be missing. It is alleged that his accounts are in bad condition.

OFFICIAL BIOGRAPHY OF SENATOR HANNA.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 30.—Elmer Dover, private secretary to the late Senator M. A. Hanna, is collecting data to be used in the official biography of the statesman. Mr. Dover has undertaken the work at the request of the Hanna family.

THE LAW IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

New Orleans, Dec. 30.—Justice Olmstead handed down an opinion in the court of special sessions Thursday holding that the law against the selling or giving away of street railway transfers is constitutional.

President Invited to Visit Mobile.

New York, Dec. 30.—Justice Olmstead handed down an opinion in the court of special sessions Thursday holding that the law against the selling or giving away of street railway transfers is constitutional.

THE LAWSUIT IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

New Orleans, Dec. 30.—Yale defeated the Young Men's Christian association basketball team 37 to 10, outplaying the local men at every point.

The game was played at the gymnasium tent and the cold weather helped the visitors.

THE RIHLUNG FORT.

Russians Dislodged and the Japs Occupied It.

Intense Hatred Exists Between Some of Opposing Forces in Trenches Close Together in the Vicinity of Mukden.

Tokio, Dec. 30.—The headquarters of the army besieging Port Arthur telegraphs that on the night of December 28, after the occupation of Rihlung fort, a small body of Russians still offered resistance in the passage between the siege gun line and the gorge.

At 3 o'clock in the morning they were dislodged entirely and the occupation of the fort became secure.

According to the statement of three prisoners the defenders of Fort Rihlung numbered about 500 beside some sailors. A majority of the defenders were killed.

The trophies captured with Fort Rihlung include four large caliber guns, seven small caliber guns, 37 millimeter guns, two machine guns and much property as yet unenumerated.

Rihlung fort, situated on Rihlung mountain, formed part of the inner circle of the chain of forts defending Port Arthur. Rihlung is situated about two miles from the outskirts of the town of Port Arthur, from which it bears due northeast. The fort just captured is a mile and a half southeast of Keekwan fort, recently captured by the Japanese. The possession of these two forts should make a most important breach in the fortifications of Port Arthur and cut off communication between the Golden Hill forts and the forts of the western section of the inner circle of fortifications.

Outside of the capture of 203-Meter hill on the western section of forts, little is known of the exact positions occupied by the Japanese, but it would seem from the material available that the inner circle of forts is now cut in three pieces and that 203-Meter hill prohibits communication with the Liaotie section forts just as possession of Rihlung and Keekwan forts cuts off communications with the Golden Hill forts, except by the many underground ways which are said to exist in various parts of the fortress.

From Rihlung mountain, which is nearly opposite 203-Meter hill, it would appear that the Japanese fire will be able to reach anything in the harbor and town which the Japanese heavy guns on 203-Meter hill are unable to hit, thus making it apparently impossible for the Russian second Pacific squadron to make any use of Port Arthur even should the Japanese content themselves with holding the strong positions they now occupy.

Mukden, Dec. 30.—Cossacks Thursday brought in the body of Capt. Erladoff, a noted scout, who was killed in an attack on the village of Tifany.

Intense hatred exists between some of the opposing forces in trenches close together notwithstanding the friendly terms existing at other parts on the fronts of the two armies. The Japanese try to heat their shelters at advance positions with charcoal fires concealed in small braziers, so as to show no light. One of these recently was broken and the fire exposed the position of the Japanese picket. The whole party were immediately wiped out by furious Russians fire.

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NEW BATTLESHIPS.

Preparing Designs For the Most Powerful Ones in Existence.

London, Dec. 30.—According to the Daily Mail the admiralty is preparing designs for new battleships of 17,000 to 18,000 tons and carrying ten 12-inch guns. It has not been decided whether the keels will be laid down in 1905. These battleships will be the most powerful in existence, as the biggest in the American navy carry four 12-inch guns and ten 10-inch guns.

Russian Refugees Arrive.

Philadelphia, Dec. 30.—Of the 703 steerage passengers brought over on the steamer Merion, which arrived here, more than 500 were Russians.

Most of these were able-bodied men between the age of 20 and 30 years and liable for duty in the army.

The Iroquois Theater Fire.

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Almost to a day, on the anniversary of the Iroquois fire, Judge Charles M. Walker decided that the city of Chicago is not liable for damages growing out of the loss of life in connection with the famous theater fire.

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The Iroquois Theater Fire.

DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

The President is Considering Importation Appointment.

Several Changes Will Be Made—Jos. Choate, Ambassador to the Court of St. James, Will Be Succeeded by Whitelaw Reid.

Washington, Dec. 31.—President Roosevelt is devoting some time at present to consideration of important appointments in the diplomatic and consular service of the government, which are to be made formally by him at the beginning of the new administration next March.

It is known that he has decided upon several changes. Joseph H. Choate, ambassador to the court of St. James, has indicated that he does not desire longer to continue as the representative of this government in Great Britain and he expects, when relieved, to return to America, to look after his personal interests here. He will be succeeded by Whitelaw Reid, proprietor of the New York Tribune, who was one time minister to France.

Gen. Horace Porter, American ambassador to France, will retire from that post soon after the 4th of March. The president has decided on Gen. Porter's successor, but at this time no announcement of his decision can be made.

Charlemagne Tower, American ambassador to Germany, and Robert S. McCormick, American ambassador to Russia, will continue at their respective posts.

Bellamy Storer, ambassador to Austria-Hungary, will continue as the American representative to the court of



WHITELAW REID.
He Is Slated to Succeed Ambassador Choate as Our Representative at London.

Vienna unless the president should decide to transfer him to another post in the diplomatic service.

As to the ambassadorship to Italy, nothing of a definite nature can be said now. It has been rumored that Ambassador George V. L. Meyer is to succeed Gen. Porter at Paris, but it can be said that such a change is not certain. The probabilities are that Ambassador Meyer will remain at Rome.

Gen. Powell Clayton having decided to relinquish his post as ambassador to Mexico at the end of the present administration, he will be succeeded by Edwin H. Conger, now United States minister to China. It is not expected that Mr. Conger will continue long at the Mexican capital, as he is understood to intend to return to his home state of Iowa to be a candidate for governor in succession to Gov. Cummins.

When he leaves the City of Mexico, he will be succeeded by David E. Thompson, of Nebraska, who at present is American minister to Brazil. Mr. Thompson accepted the appointment to Brazil with the understanding that he would be appointed to a higher place in the diplomatic service as soon as opportunity offered. Minister Conger will be succeeded at the court of Pekin by William W. Rockhill, at present director of the bureau of American republics, who is recognized as an authority on all subjects pertaining to China and the Chinese.

In succession to Frank H. Mason, consul general to Berlin, John Lewis Griffiths, of Indianapolis, will be named. It is expected that some changes will be made in the corps of American ministers but at this time they are not obtainable for publication.

Receipts and Expenditures.

Washington, Dec. 31.—The treasury receipts for the calendar year 1904 were \$540,000,000 and the expenditures (including the Panama canal payment), \$562,000,000, a deficit for the year of \$22,000,000.

Wireless Telegraph Station.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The United States navy department is creating a wireless telegraph station at Guantanamo, Cuba, to operate in connection with the stations at Key West, Fla., Colon and San Juan, P. R.

Bryan to Make the Annual Address.
Galena, Ill., Dec. 31.—William J. Bryan has accepted an invitation from the Grant Birthday association to make the annual address at the observance of Gen. U. S. Grant's birthday here on April 27 next.

Theodore Thomas Seriously Ill.
Chicago, Dec. 31.—Theodore Thomas, the famous musical director, is seriously ill with pneumonia and his physicians admitted Friday night that they were becoming alarmed. Dr. C. F. Elyk, who is in attendance, says he has a chance for recovery.

More Suits Against Iroquois Theater.
Chicago, Dec. 31.—Nineteen more \$10,000 damage suits for deaths in the fire of a year ago were filed Friday against the Iroquois Theater Co. and the customary defendants. The total number of suits approximate 110.

BISHOP E. TALBOT.

Charges Have Been Preferred Against Him by Rev. I. N. W. Irvine.

Bethlehem, Pa., Dec. 31.—Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, the Episcopal bishop of Central Pennsylvania, against whom Rev. Ingram N. W. Irvine, of Philadelphia, is about to make a presentation, is absent from the city. Friends say he is on a regular tour of visitations among the parishes of his diocese.

He has declined to answer any of the serious charges to be lodged against him or to enter into the controversy now going on.

"Wait until everything comes out," he is quoted as saying. "I am more anxious than any one else to have this investigation and settle for all time these false rumors and charges."

New York, Dec. 31.—Charges of a serious nature are to be made at the Bishop Talbot hearing against the person who is responsible for the delivery to Dr. Irvine of a copy of a confidential letter addressed by the bishop to Rev. Dr. Samuel Upjohn, of Philadelphia. It is reported that the original of the document is in the possession of the bishop himself and was not destroyed. The copy on which the charges of libel and falsehood against Rt. Rev. Dr. Talbot were based was obtained from a duplicate sent to Rev. Dr. John Fulton, who disclaims all responsibility for the act. Dr. Fulton knows who is responsible for the delivery of a copy to Dr. Irvine, it is reported, and he will bring an accusation against him.

Philadelphia, Dec. 31.—Bishop Talbot held a conference Friday at Sunbury, Pa., with Col. C. M. Clement, who is an attorney and who has been close to the bishop all through the trouble he has had with Dr. Irvine, who was unfrocked by the bishop some time ago. Col. Clement was secretary of the Central Pennsylvania diocese until it was recently divided. He is now secretary of the Harrisburg diocese which is the name of the jurisdiction carved out of the Central Pennsylvania diocese. After the conference Bishop Talbot would not talk. All that Col. Clement would say was: "At present I have nothing to say, but I may be able to give out a statement a little later."

THE STOCK WAR.

It Is Believed That Thomas W. Lawson Has Called It Off.

Boston, Dec. 31.—Is Thomas W. Lawson about to call off his war against the Standard Oil and "the system"? On top of such a rumor Lawson and several important men from out of town were in conference from 1 o'clock until early in the evening, when they left the city together, Lawson leaving word that he would return to Boston Friday.

State street is at a loss to understand the meaning of the conference, if it does not have an important bearing upon either Standard Oil or Amalgamated Copper affairs.

The rumor that Lawson has engaged passage for himself and family to Europe, where he will recuperate from the strain of smashing the market and banging Standard Oil and Amalgamated, is denied by Lawson's closest business associates, who say they do not know of any plans Lawson may have for leaving the country.

REPAIR BARN BURNED.

Two Firemen Were Killed and Three Others Hurt By a Falling Wall.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—Fire Friday night completely destroyed the repair barns of the Chicago Union Traction Co. at 40th and Western avenue, entailing a loss of \$150,000. Two firemen were killed, two others and one spectator were injured by the falling of part of the wall. The dead are: Capt. Pul Dic, Lieut. John Pyne.

Injured: Charles Anderson, fireman, cut on face and hands and legs bruised; Capt. John Miller, fireman, crushed about body and cuts on head; August Kraut, severely hurt about the shoulders.

Employees Not Dissatisfied.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Replying to newspaper statements that the Panama canal employees are dissatisfied with conditions on the isthmus, Adm. Walker said that he knew nothing of any such complaints except what he had read in the papers.

Business Failures During the Week.

New York, Dec. 31.—Business failures in the United States for the week ending December 29 number 218, as against 249 last week, 209 in the like week in 1903, 202 in 1902. In Canada failures for the week numbered 20, as against 37 last week.

Returned the Medal.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—John C. Johnson, a young artist of this city, who received from the St. Louis exposition a medal for a picture exhibited by him has returned it to the exposition authorities, saying he did not deserve it.

Japanese Suffered Heavy Losses.

London, Dec. 31.—A dispatch from Chefoo says: A messenger from Port Arthur states that the Japanese have mounted eight guns commanding positions north of the Elze forts, but they suffered heavy losses by the Russian fire.

More Suits Against Iroquois Theater.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—Nineteen more \$10,000 damage suits for deaths in the fire of a year ago were filed Friday against the Iroquois Theater Co. and the customary defendants. The total number of suits approximate 110.

ALLEGED FRAUDS.

Colorado Supreme Court Orders Investigation of Election.

To Open Denver Ballot Boxes—Registration Lists, Campaign Expenditures and All Election Matters to Be Investigated.

Denver, Dec. 31.—Stretching its hand so as to cast a shadow over every man and woman in any way implicated in election frauds of the city and county of Denver on or before or after November 8, the supreme court Friday ordered an investigation so sweeping in its scope that every phase of the election may be scrutinized and everything that bears in any way upon the election may be made known by judicial inquiry.

Alva Adams, democratic candidate for governor, who appeared from the returns to have been elected, but who has declared that he does not want the office tainted with fraud, asked the court to open every Denver ballot box, but the order of the court goes beyond the mere examination of the ballots and provides for an investigation of the registration lists, the campaign expenditures and in brief all election matters.

Attorney Samuel W. Bedford, for Adams, and Attorney Henry J. Hosey, for the republicans, asked the court to make its order of such breadth that the court need not stop at anything in the investigation. The court said that was what it meant to do and instructed the lawyers to agree upon the wording of the order and present it to the court for approval next Tuesday morning.

As there are 204 ballot boxes it is evident that several months will be consumed in the examination of their contents by the two handwriting experts to be appointed for this work.

It is expected that the supreme court will be asked to make an order placing special watchers at the courthouse to guard the registration books until such time as the investigation is made.

There are probably 20,000 fraudulent registrations on the books of the city and county of Denver," said Attorney James H. Brown, the principal adviser of the republican city central committee.

F. A. Williams, chairman of the republican committee, has published the following statement over his signature:

"Our investigation into the conduct of the recent election in Denver has developed the fact that approximately 20,000 fraudulent votes were cast or counted for Alva Adams in this city. There is now no reasonable doubt that Gov. Peabody and the entire republican state ticket was fairly elected on November 8, by the votes of a large majority of the legal voters of this state."

What effect, if any, the court's action Friday will have upon the course of the legislature in respect to canvassing the vote for governor and determining whether Peabody or Adams is entitled to the seat has not become apparent. Chief Justice Gabbert particularly stated the court's investigation will not be permitted in any way to interfere with any investigation that may be set on foot by the general assembly.

Republicans as well as democrats admit that the opening of all the Denver boxes complicates the political situation in Colorado, but believes that it means there will be no "rough house" as predicted.

It was announced late Friday that the republican plan to unseat democratic senators had been modified and that possibly only Senators Born and Healey, who were seated by the democratic majority on contests two years ago, would be turned out.

It also was reported that on the evidence of influential republicans the proposition to memorialize the United States senate to unseat Senator Teller would be abandoned.

JUDGE JOHN J. JACKSON.

Oldest Judge in the Federal Judiciary Presented to the President.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Senator Ellsworth, of West Virginia, Friday presented to the president John J. Jackson, the oldest judge in the federal judiciary. Judge Jackson presides over the United States district court for the northern district of West Virginia. He is 80 years old and was appointed district judge by President Lincoln 44 years ago. He was a member of the old Virginia legislature in war times and delivered a notable speech in opposition to secession.

Taylor to Be a Federal Judge.

Washington, Dec. 31.—President Roosevelt, after a brief but thorough investigation of the timber available, has determined to bestow the judicial honors enjoyed by United States District Judge Taylor on ex-congressman R. W. Taylor, of McKinley's district, the 18th.

Establishment of a Whipping Post.

Washington, Dec. 31.—The local grand jury, in making its final report for the present term of the supreme court for the District of Columbia, recommended the establishment of the whipping post in the District for wife beaters.

King Alfonso to Wed.

Madrid, Dec. 31.—The betrothal of King Alfonso to Princess Victoria, of England, is prominently announced in the newspaper Epoca, regularly used by the government in making semi-official announcements.

MONUMENT TO CATHERINE.

Its Erection at Vilna, Poland, Was Not Pleasing to the Polish People.

Warsaw, Poland.—The statue to the famous Russian empress, Catherine II., was unveiled in the presence of Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the czar, and Prince Sylatopolk Mirski, the new minister of the interior. The ceremony was the last act in which the prince figured in an official capacity at Vilna before he left for St. Petersburg to take up his new office.

The erection of the statue was naturally not received at Vilna, a strong

Polish center, without some protest, to which the prince replied: "I understand the difficulty because the monument recalls to your minds the partition of Poland. But I beg you this time not to be led by your feelings but by your reason.

"This monument, erected not at Warsaw but at Vilna, is from the point of view of the Russian empire evidence of the pacification of the country, and a proof of that equality for which you have so strongly striven." The statue is the work of a Jewish sculptor, Antokolsky, a native of Vilna, and of very poor parentage.

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A Mighty Clearance Sale

Began Monday, January 2, '05, at 8 a. m.

In character of merchandise and genuine disregard of real values we are determined this shall be the most notable sale ever undertaken by Kaufman, Straus & Co. It will surpass in interest our own great Summer Reconstruction Sale which, in June last, brought extraordinary throngs to our store. Now, as then, all the money-saving expectations of buyers will be more than realized. Some very wonderful opportunities will be presented. Cost and profit are not considered in making the prices which we intend shall close out numerous lines and reduce other stocks to a point where we will have sufficient room to accommodate our Spring Goods, which will shortly be coming in. The offerings in this sale will be such that you will remember the event for many years to come. We quote in this advertisement numerous bargains, but by no means all that can be found here. If you would like to receive a choice of these wonderful values, you should be among the early shoppers—they will go rapidly.

Grand Clean-up of Fine Ribbons.

At 25c, worth 50c to 75c
per Yard.

25c a Yard

Satin and Mousselines. Most of them are from 6 to 8 inches wide. All of them go in this sale at 25 cents per yard.

25c a Yard

Ribbons of every style and color, including Taffetas, double faced Satin, Liberty

A Striking Opportunity in Curtains, Draperies and Blankets.

The Curtains and Draperies included in this sweeping sale are of the best. They are all new, in handsome artistic designs, to harmonize with every tasteful sort of furniture or decoration.

We have divided our stock of about 300 pairs of White Nottingham Curtains into three great divisions. The cost price has been utterly disregarded, as the following list will show:

Lot 1 85 PAIRS of White Nottingham Curtains, 3½ yards long; sold formerly at \$1.35 and \$1.50 a pair—**Clearance Price 95c pair.**

Lot 2 135 PAIRS White Double Net Nottingham Curtains; 3½ yards long. Some of them in lots of only 4 pairs, but in most cases 4 to 6 pair to the pattern. The regular selling price of these curtains are \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3. pair. **All go at our Grand Reduction price of \$1.75 pair.**

Lot 3 90 PAIRS of fine Nottingham and Motif Curtains, mostly in lots of 2 and 4 pair to the pattern; sold formerly at \$3.50 to \$4.50 a pair. **Clearance Sale Price \$2.75 a pair.**

Clearance Prices on Blankets.

95c PAIR—White Cotton Blankets, eleven-quarter size. Real Value \$1.35.

\$1.95 PAIR—Heavy White Cotton Blankets, eleven-quarter size. Real value \$3.00.

3.95 PAIR—Scarlet and White All-Wool Blankets, eleven-quarter size. Real value \$5.

4.95 PAIR—Strictly All-Wool Blankets, in White and Red, Blue and Yellow Borders; fresh, new goods; eleven-quarter size. Real value \$5.

3.50 PAIR—All-Wool Fancy Wrapper Blankets, in light and dark shades. Real value \$5.50 pair.

4.75 PAIR—Finer and Larger Blankets, All-Wool; rich dark shades only. Sold all along at \$6.50 pair.

49 SET—Cords and Tassels to use on Wrapper Blankets. Ten per cent. reduction on Elder-down and Cotton filled Comforts during this sale.

Reductions on Ladies' and Children's Knit Underwear.

The bulk of this line is the Celebrated "Merodo" Underwear. It needs no comment. Everywhere it is known as the best fitting Ladies' Underwear in the world.

48c All Garments that sell regularly at 58c.

60c All garments which sell regularly at 75c.

85c All garments which sell regularly at \$1.

95c All garments which sell regularly at \$1.10 and \$1.25.

\$1.30 All garments which sell regularly at \$1.50 and \$1.75.

These prices include Summer and Winter weights in separate garments and union suits. On all Underwear not included in the above line a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed.

ON ALL INFANTS'

SILK CAPS and BONNETS

we will allow a reduction of

25 Per Cent.

or One-fourth during
this sale.

Irish Point Curtains.

Here's where we are standard in value. The goods are of our own importation, saving you the jobbers' and importers' profit. Read these price details:

\$3.75 PAIR—White Irish Point Curtains, 3½ yards long. Value \$4.75 and \$5.

4.95 PAIR—30 pairs Assorted Patterns, Irish Point Curtains. Value \$7 pair.

6.50 PAIR—16 pairs Assorted Patterns, fine heavy Irish Point Curtains. Value \$9 pair.

8.95 PAIR—6 pairs very heavy, extra wide Irish Point Curtains. Value \$11.50 pair.

14.95 PAIR—2 pair special size Irish Point Curtains. Value \$25 pair.

On all other Curtains, such as Ruffled Net, Arabians, Antiques, Renaissance and Motif Curtains, one-fourth off regular price. On all Tapestry Portiers, Table Covers, Velours and Velvet Table Covers, one-fourth off regular price.

8c YARD—About 300 yards of White Dotted and Striped Curtain Muslins. Regular value 10c yard.

12 1-2c YARD—Choice of our entire line of 15c and 17½c White Swiss Muslins in dots and figures.

12 1-2c YARD—Choice of the 15c and 20c Fancy Fast Color Cretonnes; 36-inch goods. All new patterns.

23c YARD—Fancy Upholstery and Art Work Tickings in the newest designs. Value 30c and 35c yard.

10c YARD—Silkblines. Best 36-inch quality in fancies and solid colors. Value 12½c yard.

AN UP-TO-DATE STORE WITH UP-TO-DATE METHODS,

Kaufman, Straus & Co.,

12-14 W. Main Street, Lexington, Kentucky.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP, - EDITOR AND OWNER.

BOTH 'PHONES, - - - - - 124.

[Entered at the Paris, Ky., postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.]

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Col. H. P. Thompson as a candidate for State Senator from the 28th district composed of the counties of Bourbon, Clark and Montgomery, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Chas. Swift as a candidate for State Senator from the 28th district composed of Bourbon, Clark and Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Bourbon Turned Down By Unscrupulous Politicians.

Bourbon county, as usual, comes out the little end of the horn in the fight for the Circuit Judgeship before the big three—Governor Beckham, Auditor Hager and Adjutant General Haley. Bourbon county put forward two as fine gentlemen and as fine lawyers as could be found in the district, R. C. Talbott and Emmett M. Dickson. We had the right to expect one or the other of these two gentlemen to be the appointment. The Governor admitted that Bourbon was entitled to the honor and that the qualifications of its candidates could not be improved on. Bourbon has done the bidding of this Governor in politics for a number of years. Yet, when the time comes for him to return some of the favors extended to him in the past what does he do? Just deliberately turn to a county that had been fighting his interests and selects from a bunch of enemies a man for this place. It simply shows that Governor Beckham has not a spark of gratitude in his make-up, and when you find a man with no gratitude in his composition you find one that will not do to trust. It is the way of cold-blooded politicians of his stripe. He slaps us in the face in return for the kindnesses shown him by our people.

Then there are his two keepers and heelers, Auditor Hager, the man who wants to be our next Governor, and the sweet-scented Adjutant General Percy Haley. You have heard of three-of-a-kind, well here you have them good and strong—Beckham on the throne and Hager and Haley behind the throne.

We are informed that the position had been promised to Mr. Dickson's friends unequivocally by these gentlemen in a political deal months ago, and we are sure that Mr. Talbott's friends had assurances that he would be appointed. But another little deal was made in Lexington the other day that side-tracked the former one and Woodford county secured the plum. Combs and his followers celebrated at Lexington over knocking Bourbon out. Maybe our time will come to celebrate one of these days.

Such unscrupulous politicians as Beckham, Hager and Haley should be shamed by the good people of Kentucky for the good of the party. Beckham wants to be U. S. Senator, Hager wants to be our next Governor, and God only knows what Percy Haley wants, at present he seems to be perfectly satisfied with eating lunch and six o'clock dinner with Beckham every day. The Governor can't loose Percy. The people of Kentucky should watch these three tricksters, for every move they make is for self interest, and see that they do not land the juicy plums they are reaching for. They would enter into any kind of a deal to feather their own nests but you can not count on them keeping any kind of a trade. To hell with such politicians and such men.

The Vote In Missouri.

President Roosevelt's vote in Missouri was only about 7,300 greater than the Republican vote four years ago (the increase being less than the normal increase in the Republican population) while the Democratic vote was nearly 55,000 less than it was in 1900. The gain made by the populists and by the socialists did not equal the falling off in the Democratic vote. Many Democrats stayed at home; they ought not to have done so, but they will be out two years from now and four years from now, and then the Republicans will have to take a back seat again. In the meantime Governor Folk will be at Jefferson City to prevent the Republicans from carrying off the State.

Merely a Suggestion.

It does not do a bit of good to the creditors of Mrs. Chadwick to imprison her. We have an idea how they all could get their money back. We suggest that they take her around the country and show her, charging an admission fee. It would not take long to pay all her debts and leave even a surplus for her, on which she could start again in business. Millions would eagerly pay a small coin to see her.

BROWER'S.

NEW YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

The best resolution you can make and stick to it is to put an up-to-date piece of furniture or a new carpet in the place of that delapidated old one, that has perhaps served you faithfully, but nevertheless is now ready to be placed on the pension list.

And where to get these home beautifiers and brighteners? At Brower's, of course.

C. F. BROWER & CO.

MAIN & BROADWAY, - LEXINGTON, KY.

UP!!!!

BUSINESS

OWN

OUR

BUILDING

BUSY

TOO

WE

To run our competitors' down,

But if You Want the Best COAL,

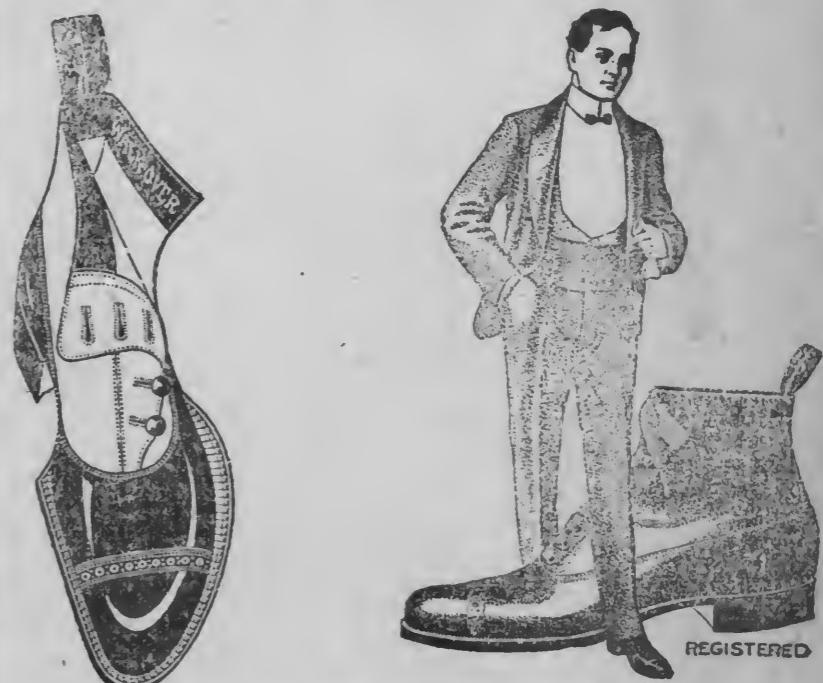
burns brighter, gives more heat and leaves less ash than any other on the market,

Write, Call or Telephone

PEED & DODSON,

Both Phones 140. Retail Yards South Main.

ASK YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT The WALK-OVER SHOE



GET THEIR OPINIONS.

We desire to direct your attention briefly to this line of Shoes for Men, in a variety of up-to-the-minute styles, fittings and representative leathers for all occasions.

We also carry the best \$3.00 Shoe on earth. Wear a pair and be convinced.

"C. P. FORD SHOE" for Ladies.

We are sole agents for the C. P. Ford Shoe for Ladies. It has the quality, neatness in appearance and the most comfortable to wear. Try a pair of Ford's Cushion Sole Shoes, and relieve the foot of that tired feeling.

We carry a complete line Shoes, from an infant's Soft Sole to a Man's Hunting Boot.

Freeman & Freeman,

334 Main Street, - - - Paris, Kentucky.



THE REASON.

Grandma Gruff said a curious thing. "Boys may whistle, but girls must sing." That's the very thing I heard her say To Kate, no longer than yesterday.

"Boys may whistle." Of course they may, If they pucker their lips the proper way; But for the life of me I can't see Why Kate can't whistle as well as me.

"Boys may whistle, but girls must sing." Now I call that a curious thing. If boys can whistle, why can't girls, too? It's the easiest thing in the world to do.

So if boys can whistle and do it well, Why cannot girls—will somebody tell? Why can't they do what a boy can do? That is the thing I should like to know.

I went to father and asked him why Girls couldn't whistle as well as I. And he said: "The reason that girls must sing Is because a girl's a singular thing."

And grandma laughed till I knew she'dache When I said I thought it all a mistake. "Never mind, little man," I heard her say, "They will make you whistle enough some day."

—N. O. Picayune,

Little France

A ROMANCE OF THE DAYS WHEN
"THE GREAT LORD HAWKE" WAS
KING OF THE SEA

CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY
Author of "Commodore Paul Jones,"
"Reuben James," "For the Free-
dom of the Sea," etc.

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CHAPTER XX.—CONTINUED.

"Yes, that's his way. I don't know whether he will be there or not now, though, since it's so late in the season. But let me tell you, Hatfield, he's done an unprecedented thing in sealing up the Brest fleet so long. I think it was old Cloudesley Shovel who said that a man was a fool and ought to be broke if he kept his ships out in the Bay of Biscay after September, and here it is the middle of November, and that war bribe we spoke last week said that he was still there when she left, and looking as if he were going to stay there all winter, too."

"Yes, that's like him."

"Like him! I should say so; I was a reefer on the Devonshire when he knocked l'Etenure's squadron into a cocked hat, and I've cruised with him since; he was an old friend of my father's before he died, used to stop at our house when he came to Boston, while he was on the West India station. In fact, I began my sea service with him. I never saw such a man. He's as swift as a frigate bird, and when he strikes he hits like a storm. He never lets go either, and such a fighter! He's well named Hawke, I think."

"Ay, but I very much doubt our running across him this morning," exclaimed Hatfield. "We should have seen a frigate surely by this time if he were there. You see, this westerly gale has been blowing for three days, or maybe longer, and he'll find it difficult to keep his position with such a heavy fleet on a lee-shore. Besides, the wind keeps the French tight in the harbor. He may have run over to Plymouth, or Torbay, ready to dash out again when the wind shifts."

"And perhaps give the French a chance to slip out, too. I'll wager a pound to a penny he's been praying they would try it all summer long."

The frigate, on the quarter-deck of which the two men had been speaking, had been moving rapidly through the water and they were much nearer the coast now. Indeed, the blink of the land—the dim blue haze upon the horizon which tells of voyages ended and havens near, and sometimes of wreck and disaster, when the storm gods are out—could be seen now from the deck, and the stern cliffs of Ushant were rising higher with every passing moment.

Safe for the land before and to the north of them the horizon was clear. There was not a single ship in sight. It was evident that Sir Edward and his blocking fleet had gone away.

"What'll you do now?" asked Hatfield.

"Well, we'll run in a little farther, I think," continued Grafton, "we can at least see if the French are still in port. Perhaps we can find out what they are about to do. Then we'll bear up for Torbay, try to overhaul the fleet, and deliver these dispatches and the news."

"And Mademoiselle de Rohan?"

"As to her, later, I am afraid."

"You won't try for it now, then?"

"I think not, I must deliver these dispatches first of all."

"You have not given up the idea, though?"

"I never give up anything, Hatfield," answered Grafton resolutely, "and I'd as soon give up life as Anne de Rohan."

CHAPTER XXI.

THE BOAT IN THE PASS.

IT was evening. The Maidstone was beating to and fro off the mouth of the harbor of Brest. The wind was still blowing hard on the shore and the French ships were securely bottled up. They could not beat out of the narrow channel. At least it would be a dangerous undertaking and the game would be scarcely worth the candle. Therefore the Maidstone, although her approach had been noticed long since, had been permitted

to come as close as she dared unhampered.

From the foretop-mast cross-trees by the aid of a good glass Grafton had discovered unmistakable signs of preparation in the French fleet still windbound in the harbor. Many boats were passing between the ships and the shore, troops were being embarked, and provisions and supplies taken on board the huge line-of-battle ships and the frigates. It was quite evident that a movement of some sort was in contemplation; and it was more than probable that as soon as the wind served, taking advantage of the absence of the blockaders, the French would put to sea.

That was news of the highest importance. If they could learn the destination of the fleet there would be nothing left to be desired except an opportunity of meeting them; an opportunity Hawke would make if he were given the vestige of a chance.

"Hatfield," said Grafton, as he came down from the cross-trees for the last time, it being too dark to see farther, "I have changed my mind. I am going ashore to see if I can not find out something about the French fleet."

"And you want me to go with you?"

"No, that can not be. You must look after the ship. I will take the dinghy and one man, old Jabez Slocum. Now, mark me. My plan is to land at a little cove I know of under the lee of the Chateau de Josselin, about which I told you. I shall effect an entrance to the castle immediately, and see if there is anything to be learned there. If not, I will take Jabez and we will sail boldly into the harbor and find out what we can."

"And you will see Mademoiselle de Rohan?"

"Perhaps. I hope so, though that is not my main purpose. At least I would go even if I knew she were not there. Now, if I am not back by eight bells, midnight, you will brace up and make the best of your way to Torbay and tell Sir Edward what we have learned."

"Yes, but you will hardly have time to go there and back by midnight, Capt. Grafton. Don't you think it would be better to make it, say, eight bells in



HE STOOD AT GAZE.

the midwatch, or four o'clock in the morning? I'd hate mightily to run away and leave you."

"Very well," answered Grafton, "that will give me more time, and perhaps it would be better not to leave without exhausting every possible opportunity of getting information as to the destination of the French fleet, for there is no doubt in my mind that they intend to move."

"Nor in mine."

"Very well, then, we'll make it eight bells in the midwatch."

"And if you are not back then, I'm to make the best of my way to Torbay, or Plymouth, or wherever I can find Sir Edward, deliver the dispatches, and tell what we have seen?"

"That's it. Now, I need not tell you to watch the ship carefully on this hard lee-shore, and when you start for Hawke, if I am not here, drive her for all she has in her."

"I will do both, Capt. Grafton."

"Of course. And if the wind should change and the French should send out a liner or a couple of frigates after you, you are on no account to wait for me or anybody. The information we have gained is of far more importance than a half dozen captured frigates. Remember that running, not fighting, is your role. Don't hesitate on my account. Don't be captured, and don't be wrecked."

"Very good," answered Hatfield, "I shall carry out your instructions to the letter. But I wish I could go with you."

"I wish so, too, but you can't. One of us must stay by the ship. Remember that the fate of England is resting on your shoulders," continued the older man gravely, "for 'ts perfectly well known if the French get away from Brest successfully, and are not beaten elsewhere, they have an army all ready for a descent upon Ireland, or perhaps England herself."

"I shall remember it," answered Hatfield solemnly.

"That's well. Now, heave to and have the dinghy dropped overboard. See that the mast is stepped and the sail is closed fast; put a compass, a beaker of water, a couple of muskets and a bag of bread in her; stow away forward a coil of signal halliards and a stout rope with a grapnel bent on the end of it—about 30 fathoms of each, I think—and send old Jabez to me in my cabin."

"Ay, ay, sir," replied Hatfield, calling the hands to the braces as Grafton turned to the companionway and went below, whither he was followed shortly by the old sailor he had designated, with whom he spent a few moments in busy preparation. Presently the ship was hove to and the dinghy dropped alongside. Grafton and Slocum came on deck. Grafton wore his uniform and both men were fully armed with sword, or cutlass, and pistols.

"You are surely not going in your uniform?" queried Hatfield.

"Yes, why not? I've no mind to hang as a spy, and if I am captured in this uniform I'm a prisoner of war only. Remember my instructions."

"I shall not forget them."

"Good-bye."

"Good-bye, and God bless you. I shall be in a fever of anxiety until you return," exclaimed the lieutenant as they parted.

Waving his hand Grafton stepped to the gangway and dropped slowly down the battens into the boat, while Slocum had preceded him. A vigorous shove sent them clear of the frigate; a bit of close reefed sail was hoisted on the dinghy and she gathered way toward the distant shore.

After two hours of hard running, having at last come well within the harbor mouth and reached a point opposite the old chateau, they bore up and began ratching in toward the shore. It seemed to the old sailor at the helm, after they had made several short tacks, that they were getting perilously near the breakers. As he peered ahead he thought he could see the white caps, and he believed, as he turned his ear up to windward, that he could hear the roar of the mighty waves. One more tack and they would certainly be in the midst of them.

Grafton had ordered him to throw the dinghy up into the wind and check her way while he investigated the situation. He had gone forward and was kneeling down by the mast peer-

ing ahead trying to get his bearings. Finally, having satisfied himself as well as he could in the darkness, he called out a command to the sailor at the tiller. Although it looked like certain destruction, old Jabez was too thorough a seaman to hesitate to obey, and when Grafton directed him to put the helm over he let her go off, slipped out the sheet, and in a few seconds they gathered way and were rushing straight for the breakers.

"Now, Slocum," he said, "pass me that coil of signal halliards."

When the mass of light but strong line was handed him he slipped the coil around his neck.

"Ef I might make so bold, yer honor, wot are ye goin' to do?" asked the sailor.

"I am goin' to ascend the wall of the castle yonder."

"Good Lord!" ejaculated the old man, "it can't be done. Why, 'tis a regular pressippey! I c'n shin up any r'yal mast that ever was set, but that 're."

"That'll do, Jabez. I've been here before and I know it's possible to scale the wall. It has been done before—by a lover."

"Taint fer the likes o' me to speak to you," said the old seaman; "but lovers allus was fools, they say, w'ich I ain't never been one, an' m'bbe Providence watches over 'em special like, but as fer sailors—"

"I am a lover, too, Jabez, if it comes to that. 'Tis not only for England that I go into that tower. Now, we've talked enough. I am going to climb to that window from which the light is coming. D'y'e see it? The one with the balcony. Then I am going to drop the end of this piece of signal halliards down to you. I want you to bend on the end of that coil of rope in the bow to it. Be sure to make it fast to the grapnel end. Then I'll haul it up, hook it to the balcony, and have a ladder to come down again."

"Werry good, sir."

"Then you are to stay in the boat here and keep a sharp lookout for anything and everything. Have your muskets ready for use, too. You're a good shot, aren't you?"

"I used to be, sir."

"I remembered it. Now, if I should happen to fall you are to pick up what's left of me and take it back to the ship—if you can get back."

"An' if you don't come down, sir, w'ich God forbid—"

"Wait about four bells in the midwatch for me, as near as you can guess the time—here, take my watch and then you can be sure—and then make your way as best you can to the ship. It will be easier to get out of this little bay, I think, than it was to get into it, especially if the wind shifts off-shore. Keep her reefed down and take it slowly; you must remember something of the pass from our coming in."

"If you ain't to go with me, cap't, I don't care w'ether I gits cut alive or not. I'll jest jam her for the openin' an' let her go. Damme, begin' yer parding, sir, I wish you'd take me into that 're tower, too."

"I would rather have you down here, Jabez. Good-by; remember what I told you." Grafton said, extending his hand to his faithful if humble companion.

"Port it is, sir!" cried Jabez, as the boat's head fell off to starboard in obedience to the command.

They were nearing the shore rapidly now; it looked awfully close. The cliffs loomed up in front of them grim and terrible. There was no entrance through them, no rift even, no way that he could see. Their course seemed madness. Another moment and they would be beaten to pieces. But the busyness of the old sailor was to obey orders and steer the boat. He put everything else out of his heart and watched and listened, all his skill and discipline at his own command, and at his captain's service.

"Well done!" Grafton called back to him. "Now let her go off a little. Easy, now! Very well, dy'e! Port, once more. So! Port, port again!"

"Port it is, sir!" cried Jabez, as the boat's head fell off to starboard in obedience to the command.

Then, in compliance with the rapid and changing directions of Grafton, he lulled up to port and then again swung to starboard; twisting about in obedience to Grafton's instinctive conning, through the narrow pass through the reefs.

They were right in the breakers now.

The waves were hissing, boiling and roaring around them on every side.

The sea was white with the surf.

The old man thought his last hour had come in that riven sea; the rapid succession of commands from the captain, however, left him no time for reflection; the boat whirled about, darted back and forth, swung from side to side like a mad-woman, a Bacchante, under their skilful handling. She seemed doomed a dozen times, and that she was not shattered was wonderful. Suddenly right in front of them loomed a black mass of rock.

"Luff!" roared Grafton. "Luff hard!"

The little boat spun around once more like a dancing girl, her starboard side just scraping a jagged reef. Then came leaping up into the wind, then bore away on the other tack.

"That was a close shave," screamed Grafton, "but we're all right yet. Give her a good full now. God! But it's dark! We've lost the lights, but I think we can feel our way. Hard over!" he shrieked, as another rock rose up in front of them.

As they cleared the rock, they suddenly whirled about, swept through a narrow opening, and found themselves in smooth water. The cliffs rose high above them on every side. The wind, though they could still hear it roaring faintly, seemed to die away suddenly.

The change from the wild clamor of the pass to the silence and stillness in the bay was startling. The dinghy drifted in for a few moments and then slowly came to a standstill, the water lapping along her keel. The men sat quiet, but with beating hearts and panting breaths from their labor and excitement, until they had recovered themselves in a measure. Far above them towered the massive walls of the chateau.

"We are in," said Grafton at last, a note of triumph and relief thrilling through his voice.

He climbed aft and grasped the hand of the old man.

"By heaven, Jabez, I never saw such steering! We were gone a dozen times but for you!"

"Twant my steerin', yer honor, s'much as 'twas your pilotin' got us in," remarked the old sailor, wiping the sweat from his forehead with his other hand. "Twas a close shave all the way through. Wot ext, sir?"

"Out with the oars, now, and let us row to the shore," he said, taking the tiller while Jabez shipped the oars.

"Gently, man!" he added, as the boat surged rapidly forward under the old sailor's powerful strokes.

Presently her prow touched a little stretch of beach a few feet wide, which Philip remembered to have seen right at the foot of the place where he determined to make the attempt to descend the wall of the chateau.

"Now, Slocum," he said, "pass me that coil of signal halliards."

When the mass of light but strong line was handed him he slipped the coil around his neck.



Nothing Serious.

"I saw Enpeck going into a doctor's office this morning," said Stringer. "He had an awful cut on his head that his wife was responsible for."

"You don't say!" exclaimed Nibbles. "What did she hit him with?"

"Oh, she didn't hit him at all," explained Stringer. "It was merely a hair-cut she had given him as a matter of economy."—Chicago News.

The Real Hero.

It's easy enough to be pleasant when you're getting good wages and praise, but hurrah for the lad who keeps on being glad. While looking in vain for a raise.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A TRIFLE MIXED.



"Why, Prudence, where's Dickie? Is this a new sweetheart?"

"Not so very new, neither, miss. It be this way. I be courting Samuel, but Dick be courting L."—Punch.

Slim.

I read a Christmas magazine, it was the thickest ever since; the "als" were there, I do declare, but not much reading in between.—Chicago Chronicle.

Saw Through It.

Subbs—The cool going to quit next Saturday? Great Caesar! Perhaps if you were to drop a hint that we intended giving her a nice present at Christmas she might reconsider.

Mrs. Subbs (dejectedly)—I did, dear, and that's why she gave notice. She said she didn't care to work any longer for such scheming folk.—The Waitress.

Pill Pictures.

Patent Medicine Man—I want some pictures of pretty and healthy children, to use in my advertisements of my juvenile pills.

Photographer—Very well; I'll start for Loneline to-morrow, where I can find plenty of healthy children, for there isn't a doctor or a drug store in the whole county.—N. Y. Weekly.

Position.

On turning the corner the scrublady who worked in the office of a rendering establishment encountered another scrublady.

She held her head high in the air and passed her without recognition.

"That woman scrubs in a glue factory," she said to herself.—Chicago Tribune.

LITTLE WIZZIE WISDOM.



"Who is that shabby looking man over there?"

"He is the president of the bank."

"And who is that well-dressed looking gentleman with him?"

"That's his office boy."

"But why?"

"That's just it. The office boy deposits his earnings in the clothing store. The president keeps his in the bank."—N. Y. Sun.

Woman's Moods.

Indicative.—When she picks out the hat.

Subjective (fast becoming obsolete).—When she wonders if she can afford it.

Imperative.—When she mentions the matter to her husband.

Infinitive.—When her husband asks if there is no end to her extravagance.—Puck.

Two Old Stand-Bys.

"I see that somebody is again writing magazine articles in which he endeavors to prove that Bacon wrote the works of Shakespeare."

"Yes, they come back to it with unfailing regularity. Pretty soon some magazine will begin publishing a new Life of Napoleon."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Work of Fiction.

"Did you ever read 'He Fell in Love with His Wife?'"

"No, and I ain't goin' to read no such foolish thing, either."—Houston Post.

AUNT HULDAH'S PHILOSOPHY

Embracing Some Observations That Are Humorous as Well as Wise.

It is not needful to give her a local habitation and a surname. Every reader knows, says Youth's Companion, that she exists, numerously, and probably he has heard her—or one of her—make just such observations as these that follow, the stray sentences gathered and treasured in the course of a half-hour's conversation:

"The recipes don't say take so many spoonsfuls or cupsfuls of it, but you can't do much cooking without you mix in consider'ble gumption."

"Tisn't a good plan for a girl to look forward to nothing but getting married. Generally she gets so cross-eyed from hard looking that she sees the wrong man."

"The best way to keep a secret from the prying kind of folks is to tell them all about it. Then they won't more half-believe what you say, and they'll forget it as quick as they can."

"I believe in women's rights, but I never say so to these're young brides that don't know how to cook anything but fudge and soft custard. It's men's rights I talk to them."

"Funny, isn't it, how the mud-puddles and the barbed-wire fences go out o' their way to play tag with a boy that's got his Sunday clothes on?"

"I s'pose you might say, looking at it one way, that liquor is great stuff to sort of even up things. Of course it takes the shingles off a man's barn, but then it puts patches on his pants."

A MODIFIED APPRECIATION.

"Do you place any reliance on the weather predictions?"

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntassel. "I alius give 'em credit for one thing. The weather mentioned is always produced sooner or later, although the dates aren't always strictly accurate."—Washington Star.

SURE TO FOLLOW.

"Did you ever have any difficulty in making your guests at ease in conversation?"

"No," answered the hostess. "I always invite a pianist of reputation. As soon as the music starts the conversation is sure to follow."—Washington Star.

DIFFERENT POINTS OF VIEW.



"It always seemed to me it must be an ideal life, that of a bachelor with all his freedom."

"Quite right, madam! But occasionally one longs for a being who will kiss away the care from his brow—and keep his laundry work in order."—Slipplicissimus.

HOW IT WORKS.

With some new wealth so disagrees. When raised too soon to higher stations, they strive to prune their family trees. By cutting off their poor relations.—Brooklyn Life.

AN AMPLE SUPPLY.

"And now," said the promoter, after explaining his scheme, "I'm willing to let you in on the ground floor."

"Not any for me, thank you," replied the wise guy. "My wife has enough of those basement bargains at home to last us for 99 years."—Chicago News.

ROCKS VS. SAND.

Edyth—I'm surprised to hear of your engagement to old Bullyon. Was he the only man with sand enough to propose?

Mayme—Oh, no; but he was the only one with rocks enough to interest me.—Chicago News.

CAUGHT ON THE REBOUND.

He—are you aware that I am something of a mind reader?

She—No. Do you mean to say that you can read my thoughts?

He—Sure.

She—Oh, George, this is so sudden!—Chicago News.

AN ECONOMIC ARRANGEMENT.

"Christmas comes but once a year," said the cheery citizen.

"No use of it's coming twice a year," said the morose person. "Must give a man a chance to save a little money before he can spend it."—Washington Star.

ONLY HAD TWO.

Tommy—Mummy, my boots hurt me.

Mother—No wonder, dear; you've got them on the wrong feet.

Tommy—What are me to do den? Dey's all the feet I've dot.—Ally Sloper.

WHY IT WAS.

Police Inspector—Why didn't you report at 11 o'clock, as I told you to? It is after 12 now!

Detective—Fact is, sir, I didn't know the time. One of those pickpockets I was shadowing stole my watch!—Smith's Weekly.

THE POET MET HIS MATCH.

Office Boy—There are two men out there, sir, who want to see you; one of them is a poet and the other a deaf man.

Editor—Well, go out and tell the poet that the deaf man is the writer.—Tit-Bits.

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HIS DISQUIETING SUSPICION.

"Do you enjoy your wife's teas and receptions?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox; "to be candid, I do not. I can't help harboring a suspicion that if I didn't happen to be her husband Mrs. Cumrox would not consider me of sufficient social consequence to be invited."—Washington Star.

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A WARNING TO MOTHERS.

Close Watch Should Be Kept to Prevent Children from Swallowing Things.

I think that mothers ought to be warned against the danger of giving small children pennies or brass buttons or anything of brass that there is a possibility of their swallowing. I have heard of many instances where dreadful results have followed, but will only mention two that I have known of personally, writes a mother, in Medical Talk for the Home.

A cousin of my own swallowed an old-fashioned copper cent when he was a small child. It poisoned his system, so that he grew out of shape (was badly deformed), and crippled so that he could not walk without crutches. He endured a lingering death until past 30 years of age.

The other was that of a poor, emaciated young man whom I met abroad about 25 years ago, who told me that he knew that his time on earth would be but a few months, and the cause of this condition was the swallowing of a piece of brass (a rivet, I think, but do not remember). He was working in a brass factory. He was anxious that every one should know of the danger of swallowing a piece of copper or brass.

I have known children to swallow nickels (five-cent pieces) and no bad results followed, so I suppose the real danger is in swallowing copper.

SEVERAL KITCHEN WRINKLES

Culinary Suggestions That May Be of Use to the Busy Housewife.

A ham is greatly improved if after being boiled it is wrapped in buttered paper and baked for an hour, says the Washington Star.

If a can of milk is placed near an open vessel containing turpentine the smell of turpentine is soon communicated to the milk. The same result occurs as regards tobacco, paraffin, asafetida, camphor and many other strong-smelling substances. Milk should be kept at a distance from every volatile substance, and milk which has stood in sick chambers should never be used.

When taking feathers from a pillow or a tick to put into a new one the latter must be stitched all round except for a space, say, ten inches. In the former rip a hole to correspond, sew the two lightly together, and by pushing and shaking the feathers will pass into the new receptacle with not a bit of down flying about.

It is well to remember when papering a small room that blue in all light shades makes a room look longer. Dark colors or papers with large patterns have the opposite effect.

SAUCES FOR MEATS.

Appropriate salads to serve with the various roasts. With roast pig, apple and water cress; with turkey, celery farce with lettuce, or celery and orange; other combinations being celery, apple and English walnuts, or plain celery and lettuce; for roast goose nothing is better than plain blanched lettuce or escarole. Other delicious salads for the holiday are bar-le-dec, cream cheese and lettuce; green peppers cut in long ribbons, and grape fruit and English walnuts served on lettuce leaves.—N. Y. Post.

FRUIT COOKIES.

One cupful butter, two cupfuls brown sugar, three eggs, three tablespoonsful hot water, one small teaspoonful soda, one cupful chopped fruit (currants or raisins); all kinds of spice; mix soft; do not roll very thin, and bake in a moderate oven.—People's Home Journal.

POPCORN PUDDING.

Three pints of milk, two eggs, three pints of popped corn (each kernel must be white and not scorched in the least), a very little salt; serve with sweet cream; bake one-half hour.—Chicago Post.

THE ONLY THING.

"There's nothing so foolish in this world as one-half of a telephone connection."

"Cut the other half."—Sunday Magazine.

SUNKEN STATION.

The pumping station and coal shed at Galieu, on the Burlington railroad, a short distance east of Sterling, O., which began to disappear into the earth recently, is entirely out of sight now, with the exception of the top piece of stovpipe, which is still visible in the large circular hole in which the buildings disappeared.

FRIENDLY SUGGESTION.

Windig—I don't know what we are going to do with our youngest boy.

Joblots—What's the trouble?

"He's getting so we can't believe a word he says."

"Why don't you get him a job in the prediction department of the government weather bureau?"—Chicago Daily News.

FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD BRIDE.

A marriage at an exceptionally early age—so far, at least, as the British Isles are concerned—was made at Melton when a girl of 14 was wedded to a man of 22. The nuptials of the very youthful bride, who hails from Harby, in the Vale of Belvoir, took place in the local registry office.

CREAM PANCAKES.

